TREAT FROM STRONGHOLD.

burg to Refuse All Suggestions

of Capitulation.

NEW YORK, November 30.-A cablegram

the stock exchange that Port Arthur has

fallen. The rumor is not confirmed. Color

is given to the report by the dispatches an-

Russian stronghold were taken yesterday

A cablegram from Rome says that a dis

patch to the Glornale Di Roma from Tokyo

declares that the fall of Forts Sunghan and

Keekwan is expected today. Russian pris-

oners declare Gen. Stoessel is anxious that

the port shall be taken by assault, but defi-

his forces shall capitulate. All is now ready,

dispatches say, for the retreat of the Rus-

sian combatants to Liao Tisham and Tigers Tail forts immediately on the fall of Sung-shan and Keekwan. The non-combatants will be left behind, and be compelled to

throw themselves on the generosity of the Japanese. For two days past fires have been raging at various points in town

Heard Firing at Sea.

CHEFOO, November 30,-Chinese who left

Port Dalny November 28 arrived here to-

Japs Capture Hill.

Japs Take Fresh Position.

reports that the Japanese force which evac-

a fresh position near the village of Suidun,

Outposts-Weather Effects.

GENERAL OKU'S HEADQUARTERS,

via Fusan, Tuesday, November 29 (delayed

The Japanese are not affected by the in-

Seditious Placards Trouble Authorities.

NEW YORK, November 30 .- A cable-

gram from St. Petersburg says: A revo-

lutionary ferment is worrying the authori-

ties of Nijni-Novgorod. Nightly the walls

and pillars are covered with immense se-

SECOND WAR DIET OPENED.

Auspicious Event at Tokyo Today-

Emperor's Address From Dais.

TOKYO. November 30, 11 p.m.-The em-

peror formally opened the second war diet

today. He rode through the crowded

streets in a state coach, escorted by a troop

of lancers and accompanied by the crown

price, his staff and some members of the

imperial household, to the house of paria-

ment, where both houses were assembled in

the chamber of representatives. The diplo-

matic corps and many prominent govern-

The emperor ascended the dats, from

"We hereby perform the ceremony of opening the imperial diet, and announce to

the members of the house of peers and house of representatives that, to our pro-

found delight, our relations with all the

neutral powers are continually growing

to submit to you a scheme for meeting the extraordinary expenditures necessitated by the war, together with the budget for

"Our expeditionary forces have been vic-torious in every battle; have repeatedly shown fresh proofs of their loyalty and

bravery, so that the progress of the war has been so constantly to our advantage

the thirty-eighth year of Meiji, other objects of law.

We have directed our minister of state

which he read the following address:

ment officials were present.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

advance. Elsewhere all is qu

creasing cold weather.

which burn like a furnace.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

by Japanese.

No. 16,152.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1904-TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

Publicity is best bought through the recognized family newspaper. And the best newspaper offers the cheapest and widespread publicity. Such is The Evening Star.

Mikado's Troops Steadily Ad- Further Developments in the Sensational Case. vance on Port Arthur.

RUSSIAN PREPARATION DEFENDANT NO SUICIDE

GEN. STOESSEL READY TO RE- BUT SHE IS ON THE VERGE OF NERVOUS BREAKDOWN.

Attorneys' Meeting Today - Reported Under Instructions From St. Peters-That Obligations Due Will Amount to One Million Dollars.

NEW YORK, November 30 .- Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, the Cleveland woman who has been made the defendant in a from London says: The rumor is current on series of sensational suits for the recovery of large sums of money said to have been loaned her by individuals and banks, is seriously ill at the Holland House. Two nouncing that dominating positions at the maids and a nurse are in constant attendance, and a physician is always within call. While the greatest secrecy is maintained at the hotel and her presence there is not admitted, it is said that Mrs. Chadwick is on the verge of a nervous breakdown as a result of the publicity which has followed the suit to recover nearly nite orders have been received by him from | \$200,000 which was brought by Herbert St. Petersburg to refuse all suggestions that | D. Newton of Brookline, Mass.

Up to yesterday, while it was believed that Mrs. Chadwick was still at the Holland House, where she registered last week, there was no certainty that she had not left the city. At the hotel it was said that she left there several days ago and that her whereabouts was not known. Last night, however, when a report reached the police that Mrs. Chadwick had committed suicide a prompt investi-gation disproved the suicide report, but established beyond question that she was still at the hotel.

Meeting of Attorneys Today.

day. They say the fighting at Port Arthur continues. They heard firing November 29 A meeting of attorneys representing the while at sea. The Chinese assisted in carclaimants and attorneys representing rying the Japanese wounded from the trains Mrs. Chadwick was scheduled to be held the hospitals and personally counted a ousand. The Japanese, they add, seemed in this city today or this evening. It was understood that the meeting had been arranged in the hope of effecting a settlement of the many claims for large sums of money filed against her by banks and TOKYO, November 30 .- It is reported today that the Japanese assaulted, carried and individuals.

Where this meeting will be held has not been made public, but it will prob-ably be in the Holland House or near retained the southeastern portion of 203there, where reports can be made to Mrs. Chadwick. It is not known whether Mrs. ST. PETERSBURG, November 30 .- Gen. Chadwick will attend the meeting in per Kuropatkin, under date of November 29,

Newton's Attorney Talks. George Ryall, of counsel for Herbert B. Newton of Boston, who has brought suits

about seven and a half miles southeast of against Mrs. Chadwick, said today: that place. They carried off many wounded. The Russians in the morning of No-"I do not think from the several confervember 29 resumed the offensive, advancing ences I have had with Mrs. Chadwick that in the direction of Suidun. Within one and a quarter miles from there they encountered her total indebtedness will exceed \$1,000,000. "This sum includes the claim for a large a Japanese artillery fire. By midday the Russian artillery opened, and under cover of its fire the Russian infantry resumed the amount that Mrs. Chadwick says is illegal, and is in the line of blackmail. In several interviews she has intimated to me that she is being blackmailed, although she never mentioned any names. I understand, how-ever, that if this one claim is thrown out ARMIES' POSITIONS UNCHANGED. debts would not amount to much more Fighting is Largely Confined to the

Statement by Defendant's Attorney. Philip Carpenter, one of Mrs. Chadwick's attorneys, gave out the following statement

in transmission).-The position of the two armies is practically unchanged. There has "Mrs. Chadwick states that Mr. Carnegie been no fighting save outpost scouting, has never had any connection with her afskirmishes and occasional Russian bomfairs. The statements that have appeared bardments, which are usually unanswered. in the press to the contrary are untrue. She is too ill to make any general state-Neither side show indication of moving.

ment at this time." He said there would be a conference at the Holland House this afternoon in Mrs. Chadwick's interest, but declined to say who would appear at the conference or at what time it would take place.

Does Not Owe Oberlin College OBERLIN, Ohio, November 30 .- Presi-

dent Henry Churchill King of Oberlin College, referring today to the report that Mrs. ditious placards printed with red ink. Po-lice destroy the placards, but they reappear Cassie L. Chadwick had secured a loan from the college last winter amounting to \$75,000, sald: "Mrs. Chadwick does not owe the college

a cent on the loan in question. It is true that we did make her a loan, but it was later taken up by President Beckwith of the Citizens' National Bank here. We loaned the money to Mrs. Chadwick on repre-sentations made by Secretary and Treas-urer Iri Reynolds of the Wade Park Bank-ing Company, at Cleveland, to the effect that Mrs. Chadwick had deposited with that institution United States Steel Corporation stock which in value amounted to several times over the amount of the loan

n question. "We made the loan on the assurance from Mr. Reynolds that the security was gilt-edged and absolutely safe. The loan, together with the interest, was paid when

the note became due.
"Some time ago Mrs. Chadwick, through President Beckwith of the Citizens' Na-tional Bank of Oberlin. voluntarily sub-Oberlin College and gave us her note for of recent developments, however, it is prob

able that the college will not receive Talked Over Telephone.

BOSTON. November 30 .- Percy W. Carver. counsel for Herbert D. Newton, said today that he had not been notified of a meeting of counsel for creditors of Mrs. Cassie Chadwick arranged for today at New York city. He added that as leading attorney for Mr. Newton he probably would have received some notification if such a meeting were to be held.

meeting were to be held.

Mrs. Chadwick today called up by telephone Lawyer Carver's office in this city from the Holland House. New York, and spent some time in conversation with E. T. McKnight, one of Mr. Carver's associates. that we expect by the loyal devotion of our subjects to attain our ultimate object, and we call upon you to discharge your duties by harmonious co-operation, thereby promoting our wishes and ends." McKnight, one of Mr. Carver's associates.

Mrs. Chadwick asked several questions relating to the suit, desiring to know particularly if Mr. Carver intended to go to Cleveland for tomorrow's hearing in court.

Mr. Carver is in communication with associates in Cleveland, but has not yet been Exciting Experience of Capt. Hutchins advised whether his presence there will be necessary tomorrow.

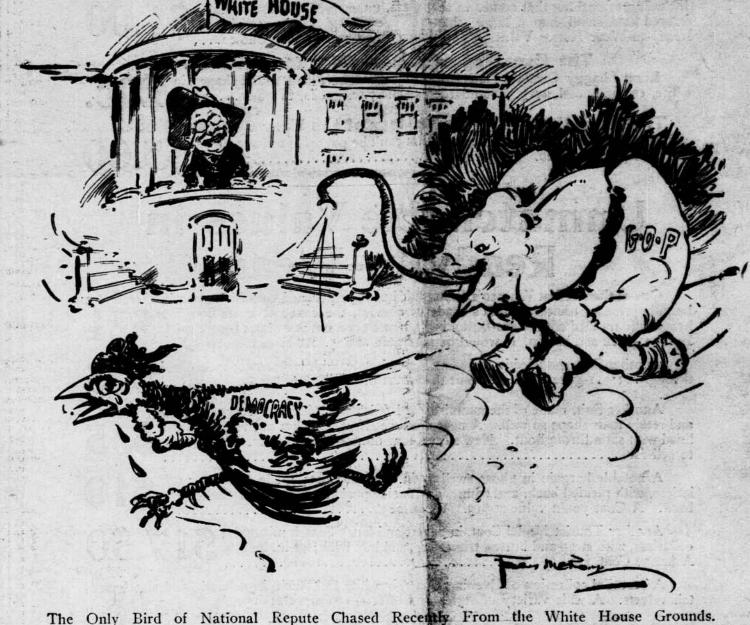
MARYLAND'S VOTE CANVASSED. Returns Certified to at Baltimore Today

-Banner to Bonaparte. BALTIMORE, Md., November 30.-The state board of canvassers met here and canvassed the total vote of Maryland at the late presidential election, and upon its report Governor Warfield certified to the election of seven democratic and one republican elector. The largest vote was for Charles J. Bonaparte, republican, who received 109,497 votes, and the largest demo-

cratic vote was for Frank Brown, who re-ceived 109,446, a majority of 51 for the republican elector.

The total prohibition vote in the state was 3,084, and the socialist vote 2,247.

In Howard county one vote was cast for Watson and Tibbles, populist candidates for President and Vice President.



Auspiciously Opened in Rome Today by the King.

GORGEOUS SPECTACLE

SIGNIFICANT ADDRESS BY MAJESTY, VICTOR EMANUEL.

ness Royal Cortege to Capitol.

ROME November 30 -King Victor Emmanuel, who was accompanied by Queen Helena, reopened parliament today. From his seat in the senate at the Palazzo Madama the king delivered the speech from the throne, expressing liberal and peaceful principles, which were enthusiastically applauded.

sage of the king in procession to and from the palace of the senate was a gorgeous

The streets through which the royal cortege passed were lined with troops, and behind them the people were packed, while the windows; balconies and terraces were crowded with sightseers. The sov ereigns were accompanied by Princess Francis Joseph of Princess Xenia of Montenegro and Elena of Servia, the Count of Turin, the Duke of

whose helmets, breastplates and swords sparkled in the sun. As the procession the Castle of St. Angelo boomed, the historic bells of the capitol rang out a wel-come, the men shouted "Long live the and the women waved their hand-

there was an especially brilliant gathering in the diplomatic tribune, where the United States was represented by Ambassador and Mrs. Meyer. The whole assembly stood and applauded for several minutes when the sovereigns entered. Premier Giolitti called the roll call of members of the senate, who took the customary oath, and then the king, sitting on the throne, read his speech.

Appointments and Promotions in the Navy Department.

service of the Navy Department have been

Appointments-George H. Van Kirk, copyist, at \$720 per annum, hydrographic office; Charles J. Meier, laborer, at \$660 per annum, bureau of navigation; J. A. Ferrall copylst, at \$900 per annum, bureau of sup-

Promotions-Frederick Ely, from en graver at \$900 to engraver at \$1,000 per andrographic office; E. F. Miller, from copyist at \$900 to clerk at \$1,000 per annum, bureau of supplies and accounts; B. Lambert, from clerk at \$1,000 to clerk at \$1,100 per annum, bureau of supplies and accounts; J. C. Lindsay, from copyist at \$900 to clerk at \$1,000 per annum, bureau of supplies and accounts; O. W. B. Reed, from copyist at \$840 per annum, to copyist at \$900 per annum, bureau of supplies and accounts.

Resignation—William Dougherty, apprentice lithographer, at \$400 per annum, hydrographic office.

the Damage. The acting secretary of war has ordered board of army officers to convene at Seattle, Wash., for the purpose of ascertaining the extent of the damage sustained by the cableship Burnside in running on a rock in Seymour Narrows, at the north end of Vancouver Island, Alaska; several days ago, and also to fix the responsibility therefor. The board is composed of Colonel George S. Grimes of the Artillery Corps and Major Frederick G. Hodgson and Captain Frank A. Grant of the quarter-

TURKEY NOT ILL-TREETED.

That for Protection of the President.

THINKS IT OUGHT TO BE ACTED ON THIS SESSION.

Story of Efforts Heratofore Made Secure Legislation-Provisions of His Measure.

Chairman Overstreet of the House com mittee on post offices and post roads eached town today and was at the Cap itol. Mr. Overstreet will call his commit tee together next Tuesday to take up the post office appropriation bill. The first draft of the bill went to the printers to-

Mr. Overstreet does not think the bill will carry general legislation of any moment, but will likely be confined to money appropriation for the conduct of the postal establishment. A number of legislative projects concerning the postal service is pressing for attention, but it is probable

When asked if there were any subjects of general national legislation in which he took an interest outside of the work of his committee. Mr. Overstreet said he intends to call attention to the bill for the protection of the President of the United States.

"It will be remembered." said Mr. Overstreet, to a Star reporter today, "that at the last session of the Fifty-seventh Congress the House and Senate passed bills upon this subject. They went into conference. and I was one of the conferees. The late Senator Hanna and myself had many pleasant conferences over the conflicting bills of the two houses, and finally the conference agreed upon a substitute.

"The conference report was adopted by the House and went to the Senate, where the objection of one senator prevented concurrence and the bill languished with the Congress. In the first session of the Fifty-eighth Congress the substance of the conference report was embodied in a bill which I introduced in the House.

"Other bills upon the subject were also offered and referred to the judiciary committee, but were not reached. I am convinced that we ought to pass some kind of legislation at this session and will endeavor to secure consideration for my bill." pleasant conferences over the conflicting

the death penalty for the killing of the President, Vice President or any official in the line of presidential succession; also, for killing any foreign ambassador or minister while on duty in this country or in the possessions of the United States. possessions of the United States.

Attempts upon the lives of these persons shall be punishable by death or imprisonment at the discretion of the court. Any person who aids, abets, advises or counsels the killing of persons in the line of presidential succession shall be deemed a principal offender. The same applies to aiding or advising the killing of any chief magistrate of any foreign country or sovereign.

fenders shall be punished as a principal, although the other party may not be indicted or convicted. Thus, if the principal should escape, the accomplices would be punished.

"That any person who, within the limits of the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, advocates or teaches the duty, necessity or propriety of the unlawful killing or assaulting of one or more of the officers (either of specific individuals or officers generally) of the government of the United States, or of the government of any civilized nation, because of his or their official character, or who openely, willfully and deliberately justifies such killing or assaulting, with intent to cause the commission of any of the of-

Argument on Senator Bur- Named as Chairman of In-

ton's Appeal.

SUPREME COURT.

Section 1782 of the Revised Statutes

The Supreme Court today heard arguments in the case of Senator J. R. Burton of Kansas, who appealed from the judgment of the district court for the eastern district of Missouri. Senator Burton was convicted on a charge of receiving compensation from parties for representing them before the Post Office Department, alleged to be contrary to section 1782 of the Revised Statutes. The attorneys for Senator Burton entered a general denial of guilt, and submitted an extended brief in support of their contentions that the court below erred in not directing a verdict of not guilty. Senator Burton, Senator Long and Pension Coment during the argument.

The counsel of Senator Burton consisted of John F. Dillon, Harry Hubbard, John M. Dillon, W. H. Rossington and Fred W. Leh-

Charge Against Senator Burton. In this case Senator Burton is charged with having violated section 1782 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which provides that no senator, representative or delegate after his election or during his term of office shall receive or agree to recelve any compensation for any services rendered to any one in relation to claim or contract against the government. The penalty for the violation of this statute is imprisonment not to exceed two years or a fine not to exceed \$10,000, and upon con-viction of such a misdemeanor the gullty person shall forever be incapable of hold-ing an office under the United States gov-

ernment.

It is charged that on March 26, 1903, at 8t. Louis, Mo., Burton received from the Rialto Grain and Securities Company \$500 in money as compensation for services rendered to the company before the Post Office Department. The case involved the issuance of a fraud order by the department against the Rialto Grain and Securities Company. The services of Burton as charged were in appearing before post office officials to induce action favorable to the company.

duce action favorable to the company involved.

The indictment in this case was found in the district court of the United States for the eastern district of Missouri, January 23, 1504, and Senator Burton pleaded not guilty to the charge against him. The court, after the verdict of guilty by the jury, sentenced Senator Burton to pay a fine of \$2,500 and to stand imprisonment for six months.

From that sentence and judgment the defendant took a writ of error to the United States Supreme Court under the provisions of a section of the judiciary act which provides for such writ of error "in any case that involves the construction or which provides for such writ of error "in any case that involves the construction or application of the Constitution of the United States" and "in any case in which the constitutionality of any law of the United States is drawn in question." The case involves the construction and application of article 3, section 2, of the Constitution of the C tion of article 3, section 2, of the Constitu-tion, whereby the defendant is entitled to be tried by a jury of the state or district in which the crime alleged against him in the indictment was committed, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the

Argument for Burton.

Judge John F. Dillon, senior counsel for enator Burton, opened the argument. He stated that he would not make the defense upon any technical grounds, but on its merits and on constitutional grounds. He declared that the only charge made in the ndictment was not tried before the jury and the jury was not allowed to pass upon

Counsel for Senator Burton contend that the judgment of the court below should be wholly reversed. It is insisted that the United States was not interested in the question whether a fraud order should issue against the Rialto Grain and Securities Company, and that, consequently, the lower court should have sustained the demurrer to the indictment, or should have granted

court should have sustained the demurrer to the indictment, or should have granted a motion in arrest of judgment, or directed a verdict for the defendant.

Counsel hold there was no evidence to establish the guilt of the defendant, and that the court erred in refusing to direct a verdict of not guilty. The defendant, it is contended, during the time of his employment by the Rialto company, did not even know that any inquiry was beemployment by the Rialto company, did not even know that any inquiry was be-fore the Post Office Department as to whether a fraud order should issue, and he never rendered any service having any reference to the issuance of a fraud order. Alleged Lack of Jurisdiction.

It is maintained that the St. Louis court under the Constitution had no jurisdiction of alleged offenses based on the checks to Senator Burton, which the facts at the trial showed were made in Washington and not in St. Louis; that no services were performed by Burton before the Post Office Department for the month's salary which was handed to him in cash in St. Louis on March 26, 1903; that the court erred in trying Burton when the Senate was in session, and also in pro-nouncing sentence of fine and imprison-

THE ARBITRATION TREATIES. Efforts of the State Department to Have Identical Agreement.

ment against him to be executed at a time when the Senate was in session.

That the consideration by the United States Senate of the arbitration treaties, recently concluded, and of those now being negotiated, may be expedited, the State De partment is endeavoring to have all such treaties identical in form. Belgium and several other powers have suggested a new form of treaty, and should any power insist on that change the negotiation of the treaty would be necessarily delayed. At present the outlook for acquiescence with the United States government's wish in the

The State Department has been advis of the Russian government's acceptance in principle of the invitation to conclude an arbitration treaty, but whether Russia will wish a new form of treaty or will content herself with one drawn along the lines of the Franco-American treaty is not yet

Cotton Ginned Up to November 14. The census bureau today issued a report by states and territories of the quantity of cotton ginned from the growth of 1904 up to November 14, showing that 29,611 gin-neries had been operated this season up to to bed been or

HIS GUILT DENIED GEN. WILSON CHOSEN

augural Committee.

The Accused Charged With Violating Mr. Cortelyou's Selection Approved by Citizens-Work to Begin

General Wilson accepted the appointment



a severe cold, which he feared might result in pneumonia. Until his health was better he did not care to accept the position, but yesterday he showed much improvement and today he thought he had far enough recovered to warrant his acceptance of the position, which will necessitate three months of hard work.

of hard work.

"I consider this appointment a call to duty," said Gen. Wilson this afternoon to a reporter for The Star. "In former years I have been called upon to perform some public or semi-public service, and I have accepted the calls, as a soldier should. I realize that my duties will be arduous, but when I have appointed my staff we will march right to the firing line."

"Who will be the other members of the

march right to the firing line."

"Who will be the other members of the committee?" the general was asked.

"That I cannot say today," he replied. "I will say that I have selected the gentlemen who will assist me, but I have not asked them if they will serve. Until I get their acceptance I prefer not to mention any other names."

other officers to make the Roosevelt inaugural a grand success."
"Where will the inaugural committee
make its headquarters?" was asked.

announce it for a day or two.

"When was the appointment tendered?"

ment," was the next attempt of the reporter to obtain information.
"You will have to see Gen. Wilson hereafter," said Mr. Cortelyou, smiling.

Admirable Selection. "An admirable selection in all respects,"

said Gen. George H. Harries. "General Wilson brings to an extremely difficult task a remarkably fine equipment. He is an organizer before all other things, and when to that quality we add his intimate knowledge of this city's men and affairs, a finely balanced enthusiasm and the highest type of intellectual and physical energy, we have a combination that insures success. General Wilson possesses the unqualified confidence of the entire community and can command all he desires of moral and material support. Of his interest in local affairs I have, as the secretary of the Board of Trade, seen a great deal, and it was in the rooms of the Board of Trade shortly after General Wilson's election as a director that he declared to three or four of us his intention to devote the remainder of his days to working in behalf of the best interests of the District of Columbia. Washington is to be congratulated upon the good judgment displayed by Chairman Cortelyou in the appointment of General Wilson."

Court of the District of Columbia, said: "It is a good appointment, and a very proper one. Gen. Wilson possesses the exscutive ability essential to make the inauguration a gratifying success."

"An excellent appointment," said Mr. Ed-ward F. Droop, "and I am sure no man in this city who knows Gen. Wilson will question his ability to make a great success in providing appropriately for the inaugural ceremony. Gen. Wilson is well known to pecple of this city. He has always regarded this as his home, and his choice must be interpreted as a compliment to this community. He loves the capital city, and is always ready to do what he can to promote every good project that is advocated. I am glad to see that he has been given this opportunity to again show his fine ex-

in a Houseboat.

pecial Correspondence of The Evening Star. NORFOLK, November 29, 1904.

DISTRICT COUPLE RESCUED.

The house boat Drift Lodge, owned by Capt. F. W. Hutchins of Washington, D. C., which was caught in the hurricane of November 13 in Pimlico sound, N. C., has arrived at Beaufort, N. C., in a badly battered condition. Captain Hutchins and wife lost over \$3,000 worth of personal property, upon which there was no insurance of any kind.

The owner and his wife, who were bound

to Fiorida waters to spend the winter, were rescued during the storm by the government life savers at Portsmouth, N. C., af-ter great difficulty. The Drift Lodge went ashore at Ocracoke, near Hatteras, and it was first thought she would prove a total wreck, but she was subsequently floated and towed to Beaufort, where she will be

Walter Will Sustained.

estate of Charles C. Walter, a jury in the Probate Court has rendered a verdict, after pro forma hearing, sustaining the will.

Exceptionally Brilliant Gathering of Diplomats-Immense Throng Wit-

The weather was magnificent. The pas

Genoa and the Duke of Urbino.

The Royal Procession. The king and queen rode in beautiful, gala, silver-mounted carriages, escorted by a guard of honor of mounted curiassiers, passed through the streets the cannon of

The hall of the senate was crowded, and

The following changes in the classified

num, hydrographic office; A. P. Blair, from engraver at \$800 to engraver at \$900 per annum, hydrographic office; M. M. Cleeves, apprentice engraver at \$600 to engraver at \$600 per annum, hydrographic office; J. A. Bartholomew, from nautical expert at \$1,000 Bartholomew, from nautical expert at \$1,000 to nautical expert at \$1,200 per annum, hydrographic office; E. F. Miller, from copyist

INJURIES TO THE BURNSIDE. Army Board Appointed to Ascertain

Publication Regarding the resident's Children Denied at the White House.

Mr. William Loeb, jr., as seer dry to the President, has issued an one of signed statement, denying that President Roosevelt's children had cruelly ated the Thanksgiving turkey sent to the President by Mr. Vose of Rhode Island, in ccordance with the latter's annual custom. In the statement Mr. Loeb says: statement Mr. Loeb says:

"Novemb 20, 1904.

"The President's attention it just been called to a news item and ed rial in the Boston Herald of November 2 which contains an absolute invention in the shape of an account. tains an absolute invention in an account of supposed mattenment by his children of the Thanks at turker, which Mr. Vose kindly sent to the House in accordance with his angual custom. The article states that the children to the turkey and chase at all over which Mr. Vose kindly sent to the House in accordance with his angual custom. The article states that the children released the turkey and chase it all over the White House grounds, phacts at it and teasing it and yelling and dugning until the bird was well-nigh exhausted, while the President looked on and laughed. The editorial says: 'Why should the Roosevelf children be allowed to torment and frighten an innocent bird? * They should have known better than to make a plaything of a terrified bird. The worst of it was, too, the President watched the proceedings and "laughed." There is not one word of truth in these statements. As a matter of fact the turkey was dressed when Mr. Vose sent it and was used for Thanksgiving dinner. There was a bronze live turkey, sent by Messrs. J. Bach & Co. of Milwaukee. This turkey was never taken out of its box, but was shipped to Oyster Bay because of its beauty, and is living peacably with the rest of the inhabitants of the barnyard. No such incident as that recounted in the Herald has ever taken place since the President has been in the White House, and nothing in the remotest degree resembling it has ever taken place.

"The correspondent of the Boston Herald

in the remotest degree resembling it has ever taken place.

"The correspondent of the Boston Herald has deliberately invented, and the editor has commented upon, incidents which are not only untrue, but which have not the filmsiest foundation in fact. This is not exceptional; it marks the culmination of a long series of similar falsehoods, usually malicious and always deliberate, which have appeared in the news common of the Boston Herald. Until further notice the departments will exclude the individuals responsible for this series of misstatements from all facilities for information.

"WM. LOEB, JR.,

"Secretary to the Pres been issued, said:

"No attention would have been paid to
this attack if it had been upon the President personally, but as it has been extended
to members of his family he feels that he
ought to reply to it."

THE MISSING LETTERS.

The Swayne Committee Conducting Quiet Inquiry The five important letters which were yesterday discovered to be missing from the

record of the impeachment the case of Judge Charles Swayne of the northern district of Florida, just concluded, have not yet been found, and consequently mystery surrounds the matter. The last known of the letters they were lying on the table of the judicasy committee during the last day's session of the Swayne hearing. They have not been seen since.
Shortly before they were thrown to one side to be added to the exhibits in the case. Representative Palmer of Pa chairman of the subcommittee the investigation in charge, he Swayne and their disappeared no little comment. The

THE LEGISLATIVE BILL Gen. Black Before the

The subcommittee of the committee of the House of Re appropriations of the Hot tives, which has charge of the le executive and judicial a met at the Capitol again today to

they will go over until the next Congress.

To Protect the President.

A Stringent Section. A very stringent section of the bill is the ast, which provides as follows:

Mr. Little's Serious Illne

Mr. Charles W. Little of 8110 18th street northwest was stricken with apo-plexy last Monday. His condition is re-

EXTENDED BRIEF FILED ILLUSTRIOUS CAREER

CASE HEARD BY UNITED STATES | L. A. COOLIDGE MAY BE APPOINT-ED SECRETARY.

Immediately.

Gen. John M. Wilson, U. S. A., retired, has been appointed chairman of the Roosevelt inauguration committee. This announcement was made today by Mr. George B. Cortelyou, who, as chairman of the republican national committee, was empowered to select the appointee. It is also probable that Mr. Louis A. Coolidge, Washington representative of the New York Globe, and assistant secretary of the republican national committee, will be named as secretary of the inaugural committee.

about noon today, and the announcement was made immediately thereafter. He has missioner Ware, all of Kansas, were pres- had the matter under consideration for sev,



eral days, but four days ago was taken with

any other names."
"Will there be one or two vice chairmen?" was asked.
"Two," said Gen. Wilson, "and enough

That is also tentative. I have the location almost determined upon, but cannot General Wilson was very cordial, but not inclined to admit anything further than his

inclined to admit anything further than his acceptance of the appointment.

Mr. Cortelyou was equally non-communicative.

"I had intended keeping this announcement back a little longer," said Chairman Cortelyou to a reporter for The Star, "but now that General Wilson's health seems assured, there is no reason the public should not know."

"When was the appointment tendered?"

was asked.
"You will have to get the rest from Gen.
Wilson." replied the chairman.
"Have you any other announcement to
make in connection with this appoint-

Favorable Comment. Mr. John R. Young, clerk of the Supreme

his opportunity to again show his fine ex-ceptive ability, and I am sure that no one mows better than he just what should be one to make such a great event a success. His long familiarity with the ceremonials in this city in a dition to his executive